Higher Structures in Algebraic Quantum Field Theory

Alexander Schenkel

School of Mathematical Sciences, University of Nottingham





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Based on joint works with **M. Benini** and different subsets of {S. Bruinsma, M. Perin, U. Schreiber, R. J. Szabo, L. Woike}

 $\diamond\,$ Common feature of (all?) approaches to QFT:





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 - 3. Survey of our homotopical AQFT program for quantum gauge theories

Algebraic quantum field theory

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~ AQFT links Lorentzian geometry to algebraic structure

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- Ex: Linear Klein-Gordon theory is *j*-local (uses also results by [Lang])

Higher structures in gauge theory

"Ordinary" field theory:

 $\mathsf{Set}/\mathsf{Space} \text{ of fields}$



"Ordinary" field theory: Set/Space of fields



Gauge theory: Grpd/Stack of fields





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Ex: Groupoid of principal G-bundles with connection on $U \cong \mathbb{R}^m$

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- ! Grpd is a 2-category (or model category) with weak equivalences the categorical equivalences ⇒ need for higher (or derived) functors!

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Because all π_1 's are trivial, this is a "fake" gauge symmetry. Indeed, there is an equivalence $P(M) \to C^{\infty}(M)$, $(\Phi_1, \Phi_2) \mapsto \Phi_1 - \Phi_2$ to the scalar field.

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 - ! <u>Main observation</u>: Classical observables in a gauge theory are described by dg-algebras that are only homotopy-coherently commutative!

Higher structures in AQFT

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Smooth normalized cochain algebras on (a diagram $X : \mathbb{C}^{op} \to \mathbf{Stacks}$ of) stacks leads to homotopy AQFTs of this type.

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$$\begin{aligned} & \widehat{\mathfrak{F}}(M) \\ & \delta^{\nu}S \Big| \qquad = \qquad \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & & \Omega^{1}(M) \leftarrow d & \Omega^{0}(M) \\ & 0 \Big| & & (\mathrm{id}, \delta \mathrm{d}) \Big| & & \mathrm{id} \Big| \\ & \Gamma^{*} \widehat{\mathfrak{F}}(M) \end{array} \right) \\ & \Omega^{0}(M) \xleftarrow[-\delta\pi_{2}} \Omega^{1}(M) \times \Omega^{1}(M) \xleftarrow[\iota_{1}\mathrm{d}]{} \Omega^{0}(M) \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Def: The solution complex is defined as the (linear) derived critical locus of the action S, i.e. the following homotopy pullback in $\mathbf{Ch}_{\mathbb{K}}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathfrak{Sol}(M) - - \rightarrow \mathfrak{F}(M) \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \mathfrak{F}(M) \xrightarrow{1 \ \ h \ \ h \ \ h} T^* \mathfrak{F}(M) \end{array}$$

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Rem: Interpretation of $\mathfrak{Sol}(M)$ in terms of BRST/BV formalism from physics
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(iii) Difference $\mathcal{G} := \mathcal{G}^+ - \mathcal{G}^-$ defines unshifted Poisson structure $\tau : \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{L}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{id} \otimes \mathcal{G}} \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{Sol}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{ev}} \mathbb{R}$ (unique up to homotopy $\tau + \partial \rho$)

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- (iii) Difference $\mathcal{G} := \mathcal{G}^+ \mathcal{G}^-$ defines unshifted Poisson structure $\tau : \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{L}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{id} \otimes \mathcal{G}} \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{Sol}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{ev}} \mathbb{R}$ (unique up to homotopy $\tau + \partial \rho$)
- (iv) Quantization $\mathfrak{CCR}: \mathbf{PoCh}_{\mathbb{R}} \to \mathbf{Alg}_{\mathsf{As}}(\mathbf{Ch}_{\mathbb{C}})$ preserves quasi-isomorphisms and homotopic Poisson structures, i.e. $\mathfrak{CCR}(V, \tau + \partial \rho) \simeq \mathfrak{CCR}(V, \tau)$

- ♦ Every derived critical locus carries a [1]-shifted Poisson structure, explicitly:
 - Smooth dual $\mathfrak{L}(M) = \left(\begin{array}{c} \Omega_{c}^{(-1)} (M) \xleftarrow{-\delta} \Omega_{c}^{1}(M) \xleftarrow{\delta d} \Omega_{c}^{1}(M) \xleftarrow{-d} \Omega_{c}^{0}(M) \end{array} \right)$
 - Canonical inclusion $j:\mathfrak{L}(M) \xrightarrow{\subseteq} \mathfrak{L}_{\mathrm{pc/fc}}(M) \longrightarrow \mathfrak{Sol}(M)[1]$
 - Shifted Poisson structure $\Upsilon : \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{L}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{id} \otimes j} \mathfrak{L}(M) \otimes \mathfrak{Sol}(M)[1] \xrightarrow{\mathrm{ev}} \mathbb{R}[1]$

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$$\mathbf{Loc} \ni M \mapsto \mathfrak{A}^{\mathrm{YM}}(M) := \mathfrak{CCR}(\mathfrak{L}(M), \tau)$$
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Then the derived extension $\mathbb{L}_{j!}\mathfrak{A}(M) = \operatorname{Sing}(M) \overset{\mathbb{L}}{\otimes} A$ at $M \in \operatorname{Man}_m$ is given by derived higher Hochschild chains on $\operatorname{Sing}(M)$ with values in A.

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 \Rightarrow This toy-model is homotopy *j*-local for $j: \overline{\mathbf{Disk}_2}^{\max} \to \overline{\mathbf{Man}_2}^{\max}$

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